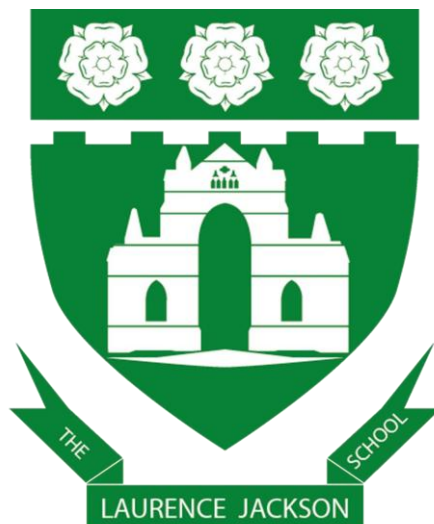




LAURENCE JACKSON SCHOOL

BEHAVIOUR POLICY JUNE 2026

Policy Date: June 2026
Review Cycle: Annually
Responsible Body: Trust Board – for ratification
Autumn Term 1
Version Control

Review Date	Updates
V1 July 2025	Review of legislation and relevant updates
V2 June 2026	Review of legislation and relevant updates

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Laurence Jackson School Behaviour Policy

This policy aims to:

- Provide a consistent approach to behaviour management
- Define what we consider to be unacceptable behaviour, including bullying
- Outline how students are expected to behave
- Summarise the roles and responsibilities of different people in the school community with regards to behaviour management
- Outline our system of rewards and sanctions

This Behaviour Policy applies to incidents inside and outside of school and is written in line with statutory guidance including –

- Behaviour in Schools (Dfe, updated 19 February 2024)
- Suspension and Permanent Exclusion Guidance (Dfe, updated August 2024, effective until July 2026)
- Suspension and Permanent Exclusion Guidance (Dfe new guidance effective from July 2026)
- Searching, Screening and Confiscation (Dfe, updated July 2023)
- Restrictive Interventions including Use of Reasonable Force (Dfe, updated April 2026)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (Dfe 2025)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (Dfe, effective 2026)
- Education and Inspections Act (2006)
- The Equality Act (2010).

Our Aims and Values

At Laurence Jackson School we follow 5R's: Ready, Respectful, Resilient, Reflective and building strong Relationships. These guide and support our students in developing the characteristics that will enable them to be effective learners who are happy, successful and contribute to the school community.

Key Principles

- Every pupil understands they have the right to feel safe, valued and respected, and learn free from the disruption of others
- All pupils, staff and visitors are free from any form of discrimination
- The behaviour policy is understood by pupils and staff with appropriate training and updates
- Staff: teachers and support staff and volunteers always set an excellent example to pupils
- Rewards, sanctions, and reasonable force are used consistently by staff, in line with the behaviour policy
- Pupils are helped to take responsibility for their actions
- Families are involved in behaviour incidents to foster good relationships between the school and pupils' home life.

Social, emotional and mental health (SEMH) needs

To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to SEMH needs, the school aims to create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted, and pupils are taught to be resilient. The school promotes resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:

Culture, ethos and environment – the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment.

Teaching – the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing.

Community engagement – the school proactively engages with parents, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing.

All staff are aware that potentially traumatic adverse childhood experiences, including abuse and neglect, can potentially impact on a pupil's mental health, behaviour, and education. Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be considered and made where appropriate to support and promote their positive mental health.

Definitions

Poor behaviour	Serious misbehaviour
This is defined as anything that does not meet the expectations that students are Ready, Respectful, Resilient and Reflective in school: • Disruption in lessons, in corridors, between lessons, and at break and lunchtimes • Non-completion of classwork or homework • Poor attitude • Incorrect uniform.	Includes but is not limited to: • Repeated breaches of the school's expectations • Refusing to follow instructions • Swearing • Raising your voice • Arguing back to a member of staff • Any form of bullying • Sexual assault • Vandalism • Theft • Fighting • Smoking – including vaping /e-cigarettes • Racist, sexist, homophobic or discriminatory behaviour • Possession of prohibited items. There are: – Knives and weapons – Mobile Phones – Alcohol – Illegal drugs

	- Substances identified as 'legal highs' - Stolen items - Tobacco and cigarette papers - Fireworks - Pornographic images - Other potentially harmful materials which cannot immediately be identified - Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the student).
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The Headteacher and other authorised senior staff can also search for any item banned by the school rules which has been identified in the rules as an item which may be searched for. At Laurence Jackson School other authorised senior staff include the Deputy Headteacher and Assistant Headteachers Staff members may use common law to search students with their consent for any item.

They may:

- Ask any student to turn out their pockets
- Search a student's bag
- Require a student to remove outer clothing including hats, scarves, boots and coats
- A student's possessions will only be searched in the presence of the student, another member of staff and a member of the Senior Leadership Team, unless there is a risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not done immediately, and where it is not practicable to summon another member of staff.

Bullying

Bullying is not tolerated at Laurence Jackson School. Bullying is defined as the repetitive, intentional harming of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. Bullying is, therefore defined as:

- Deliberately hurtful
- Repeated, often over a period of time
- Difficult to defend against

Bullying can take many forms, including:

- Verbal (e.g. name-calling, threats, discriminatory language)
- Physical (e.g. hitting, pushing, damaging belongings)
- Social/Relational (e.g. exclusion, spreading rumours)
- Online (e.g. abusive messages, sharing inappropriate images)

Bullying is different from one-off fallouts or isolated poor behaviour. All incidents will be investigated, but not all unkindness is bullying.

Preventing Bullying

The School will:

- Create and promote an inclusive environment where mutual respect, consideration, and care for others.
- Recognise that bullying can be perpetrated or experienced by any member of the school community, including adults and children (child on child abuse).
- Openly discuss differences between people that could motivate bullying, such as:
 - religion, ethnicity, disability, gender, sexuality, or appearance related difference.
 - also, children with different family situations, such as looked after children or those with caring responsibilities.
- Challenge practice and language which does not uphold the values of tolerance, non-discrimination, and respect towards others.
- Support the prevention of cyberbullying by educating students and parents/carers to use technology, especially mobile phones, and social media positively and responsibly.
- Work with staff, the wider school community, and outside agencies to prevent and tackle concerns including all forms of prejudice-driven bullying.
- Create "safe spaces" where required for vulnerable children and young people.

Roles and Responsibilities

All members of our school have certain responsibilities to support, develop and create a positive culture and climate that supports effective learning, respect for all and a safe environment.

The Trust Board	The Trust Board is responsible for reviewing the behaviour policy and its impact to achieving the Trust aims and objectives
The CEO	The CEO is responsible for consulting with the Executive team and Headteachers and keeping the policy under review, that expectations and systems are in place and understood by all stakeholders
The Local Governance Committee	The Local Governance Committee is responsible for monitoring and approving this behaviour policy, its effectiveness and holding the Headteacher to account for its implementation
The Headteacher and Senior Leadership Team	• Senior leaders are highly visible and engage with students, staff and parents/carers • The policy is communicated with all staff, fully embedded and adhered to • The school's environment encourages positive behaviour • Staff deal effectively with poor behaviour and monitor how staff implement this policy to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently

	• Keep behaviour records • Establishing high expectations of conduct and behaviour and implementing measures to achieve this
Staff	• Be responsible for consistently applying the policy process and procedures • Have high expectations of students and praise students doing the right thing • Lead by example and model enthusiasm for learning • Model the positive behaviour expected by students • Model consistent and respectful behaviour, knowing the children and their needs • Establish class routines, welcome, starter, engaging lessons, feedback and praise • Meet the educational, social and behavioural needs of the students • Give feedback to parents/carers about their child's success and behaviour • Being responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the students in their classes • Not tolerating disruption and taking proportionate action to restore acceptable standards of behaviour
Students	• Be ready to learn • Respect themselves and others • Conduct themselves so that they and others are safe. Work hard all the time and take responsibility for their actions • Support and care for each other and to treat others fairly and with respect • Respect each other's property and work • Listen to others, respect their opinions • Behave in a way that allows other students to learn. Follow all staff instructions • Follow the school rules • Report concerns which could negatively impact themselves or other students
Parents/Carers	• To support the school by ensuring that their child is ready to learn • Be aware of, support and promote the school's values and expectations • Ensure students arrive on time each day, in full school uniform and with the correct equipment • Communicate with the school any necessary information that will help to support the education of your child • Build good relationships with the school, working together to improve behaviour difficulties • Support the school in having high expectations for behaviour, engagement and conduct • Support the school's approach to independent study (homework)

Governance Committee Oversight

- Monitor and review information relating to suspensions, permanent exclusions, off-site direction, managed moves and other forms of pupil movement
- Challenge and scrutinise patterns and trends to ensure that these measures are used lawfully, proportionately and only where necessary
- Review information relating to any safeguarding related separation of pupils from the school premises where this measure has been used.

Code of Conduct, Expectations and Rewards

We promote our code of conduct, school rules and expected standards through staff training, the school website, school assemblies, around the school building and in every classroom. Staff are a constant presence around the school, in between classes, break times and lunch times to check that students are respectful and behaving appropriately.

Student Code of Conduct

At Laurence Jackson School we recognise that each member of our school community has a right to be treated with respect and to work in a calm and safe environment. To achieve this aim, we expect our students to:

Show respect for others

This means:

- Working sensibly in lessons and not disrupting the learning of others
- Do not shout out during lessons, or shout to one another in the school building
- Be polite and respectful at all times to staff, students, school visitors
- Disobeying staff is not tolerated
- Be considerate of your peers, the extended community and members of the public
- Rude, derogatory, racist or defamatory language will not be tolerated.

Show consideration for others by moving around the school quietly and safely

This means:

- Walk around the building quietly, calmly and do not run
- Follow the one-way system in the school
- Open doors for others
- Enter and leaving school by the correct doors.

Come prepared each day wearing the correct uniform and bringing the necessary equipment

This means:

- Bringing the correct equipment (pens, pencil, ruler, scientific calculator, student planner and a bag large enough to carry an A4 file) Tutors will carry out an equipment check each morning.
- Following the school uniform code.
- Not bringing valuable items to school.

Not bringing to school anything which could injure/harm another student. This includes knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco, fireworks, pornographic images and any article that could be used to commit an offence, cause personal injury or damage to property.

If you bring a mobile phone to school, it MUST be switched off and in your bag. You must not use it at all whilst on site. If you need to make a call for any reason, please see your Pastoral Manager or member of the Admin Team.

Attend school regularly and arrive in plenty of time for the start of lessons

This means:

- Being punctual for registration and lessons. If you arrive late this will be recorded in the register.
- Bringing a parental note to school following an absence to be handed to the office.
- Seeking permission from school if you are taking a holiday during term time.
- Making certain you sign out at the office if you are leaving the school premises for a medical appointment.

Mobile Phones & Digital Devices

Digital technology (including mobile phones, smart watches, headphones, personal tablets and other personal portable technology) is not permitted to be used by pupils anywhere on site during the school day (with the exception of any devices required for medical purposes or issued by school for educational purposes). Devices will be confiscated if seen, heard or used in school and negative points will be issued. Where there are persistent issues around digital technology parents will be required to collect the confiscated item.

The school takes seriously instances where a mobile phone has been used to film, photograph or record staff or students without their permission. In such cases the mobile phone will be confiscated, and the student's parent/carers contacted for a meeting.

The Education Act 2011 allows for staff seizing an electronic device to examine any data or files on the device if they think there is good reason to do so. DFE guidance also states that there is no need to have parental consent to search through a young person's mobile phone. These data or files may be erased before returning the item if they believe there is good reason to do this. In addition, where necessary the police may be informed.

Through our PSHE curriculum pupils will be reminded of the risks that are associated with the use of mobile phones, both in school and more broadly, to ensure they understand the decision to prohibit the use of mobile phones throughout the school day. These risks can include a loss of focus in lessons, classroom disruption and an increased risk of cyber bullying. Pupils will be encouraged to see a mobile phone free environment as desirable and valuable.

Classroom Expectations

Classroom expectations are important so that staff and students can work successfully, safely, and enjoy their learning. Our classroom expectations are underpinned by strong classroom routines:

Students ready to learn at the start of each lesson (5 to Start):

- Arrive on time to all lessons
- Wear school uniform correctly
- Enter the classroom quickly and quietly, stand behind chair in silence
- Students have books and equipment out
- Complete the recall /review/recap task immediately.
- Remain silent during the register (except when your name is called)

During the lesson:

- Work hard on the assigned tasks and start them immediately.
- Remain silent when the teacher is talking.
- Remain seated in the seat assigned to you by the teacher.
- Do not shout out, raise hand to ask a question.
- Do not interrupt or disrupt others learning.
- Ask permission to leave the room to visit the toilet.
- Keep mobile phones switched off and in your bag.
- Eating and chewing are not allowed. If you want to drink water from your own bottle, you may do this at the start or end of the lesson, but bottles need to be put away during the lesson.

At the end of the lesson students should (4 to Finish):

- Tidy their workspace. Only pack away your books and equipment when instructed by the teacher.
- Return all loaned equipment and ensure the classroom is tidy.
- Stand behind your desks before the teacher dismisses small groups in a calm and purposeful way.
- Check their uniform is smart
- Exit calmly and silently to your next lesson following the one-way system.

Rewards

At Laurence Jackson School, we pride ourselves on a highly effective reward system that acknowledges and celebrates good behaviour, achievements and successes of all our students. Students are recognised for:

- demonstrating our Core Values and academic achievements,
- good and improved progress
- resilience and effort
- contribution to the school community
- good and improved behaviour
- good and improved attendance
- acts of kindness
- teamwork

To acknowledge and celebrate students' work, contributions and positive behaviour school uses Class Charts to log these as well as:

- Positive attendance certificates (termly and annually).
- Verbal praise/encouragement during lessons, registration or whenever appropriate.
- Display work - in class and around school.
- Phone calls home.
- Positive postcards sent to parents / carers.
- Achievement assemblies at the end of each term.
- Commendations and/ or Star Student nomination each half term by your subject teachers.

Rewards and Recognition Table

Reward Category	Rewards	Recorded
A2 Demonstrating Core Values 2 Points	Awarded, at any point during the school day, for students displaying any of our expectations: Ready, Respectful, Responsible, Resilient, Relationships	Class Charts
A5 Exceeding Core Values 5 Points	Awarded, at any point during the school day, for students exceeding any of our expectations: Ready, Respectful, Responsible, Resilient, Relationships	
A10 Quality Home Learning 10 Points	Awarded by class teacher/LSA/ Subject Leaders to students who are engaging effectively with Home Learning or producing quality work.	Class Charts
A10 Subject Excellent Learner 10 Points	- Each teacher aims to award at least one A3 every day to students who go above and beyond in displaying any of our expectations/values	Class Charts
A10: Learner of the Week / Subject Leader Recognition/ Year Manager Recognition/ SLT Recognition/Attendance Recognition 10 Points	- Learner of the week / Subject Leader / Year Manager/ LSAs aim to award at least one A5 every week to students who go above and beyond in displaying any of our expectations/values -100% Attendance	Class Charts
Golden Tickets 10 points	Distributed by SLT for students who Inspire Excellence	Class Charts
A25 25 points	- Awarded by Departments, Year Managers, Form Tutors and the Senior Leadership Team to a student for 'Inspiring Excellence'; showing independence; effort; teamwork. This includes a student's effort and not just academic attainment.	Class Charts

In Addition;

- The student with the best Conduct points / Total points each week may receive a prize such as a Golden ticket.
- Students who amass key totals of points will receive pin badges – Bronze (500), Silver (1000) and Gold (1500) Platinum (2000+) – given out in half termly, in assemblies when achieved.
- Attendance Rewards include;
- Attendance League results shared on Be Ready
- Breakfast for Form with best Attendance over a term / Half term
- Best Improved Attendance – one per year group per week
- Best Improved Attendance – one per year group per half term
- 96% per half term
- 100% per half term
- 100% Attendance
- Other Celebrations may include;
- End of Year Awards Evening / DofE Assembly.

Management of Poor Behaviour

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 introduced a statutory power for teachers and other school staff to discipline students. Subject to the school's Behaviour Policy, a teacher may discipline a student for any misbehaviour when the student is:

- Taking part in a school-organised or school-based activity.
- Breaching Laurence Jackson School expectations during social times, or when moving around the site during lesson transitions.
- Travelling to or from school.
- Wearing Laurence Jackson School uniform
- Misbehaving at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, in a way that could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school; or posing a threat to another student or member of the public and in doing so adversely affecting the reputation of the school.
- identifiable as a student from Laurence Jackson School in any way not listed.

All staff have the right to impose a range of sanctions in accordance with the policy although only the Headteacher can suspend or expel a student.

The Department of Education (GOV.UK) states that the rules for detention are: 'Schools don't have to give parents notice of after-school detentions or tell them why a detention has been given.' At Laurence Jackson School, we will always contact parents via Class Charts at the point of issuing an after-school detention.

Sanctions and Consequences

The establishment and maintenance of good order allows effective learning to take place and promotes a positive and safe ethos in school. Sanctions help to underpin the boundaries of acceptable behaviour, but are not seen in isolation. They are part of the Behaviour Policy which seeks to reward and encourage high standards of conduct and achievement.

The behaviour management system and procedures are designed to offer any student failing to meet the required expectations opportunities to rectify their behaviour and maximise learning. Teachers will use a range of strategies to ensure positive behaviour such as reminding students of expectations, using eye contact or standing next to students to keep them focused.

If students fail to follow the code of conduct or expectations, the school has a clear sanction process.

Consequence and Sanction Table

Consequence	Sanction	Recorded
Verbal Warning	No Detention	
Clear Caution	No Detention	Class Charts
Breaktime Detention -5 Points	20 Minute Detention	Class Charts
After school Detention (ASD) -10 Points	45 Minute After School Detention	Class Charts
Removal/On-Call -15 points	+45 Minute After School Detention	Class Charts
Emergency Response Needed	As a result of the investigation appropriate consequences will be applied.	Class Charts

Other sanctions include:

Consequence	Sanction	Recorded
Late to Lesson	45 minutes After School Detention	Class Charts
After School Truancy - After 10 mins without a note	90 minutes After School Detention	Class Charts

After 10 mins late	Taken to the lesson + 90 minute after school truancy detention	Class Charts
Out of lesson Behaviour -5 Points	If during lesson changeover / movement around the corridors 45 minutes after school detention will be issued.	Class Charts
Missed Home Learning 0 points	- A warning will be given on the first occasion of not completing home learning - If repeatedly not completing home learning referral to Home Learning Clinic will be made	Class Charts

Uniform and equipment issues; Wearing unacceptable uniform / appearance items or unacceptable jewellery -10 points	Persistent failure to meet uniform expectations could result in removal from circulation, loss of social times, time in Evolve, Internal Suspension or Suspension.	Class Charts
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Classification of Behaviour Expectations and Behaviour Stage

Possible Causes (list is not exhaustive)	Behaviour Stage
- Incorrect Uniform - Lack of Correct Equipment	Warning and reminder given
- Failure to follow expectations - Not following instructions - Disruption - Failure to complete satisfactory work	Clear Caution
- Persistent disruption - Failure to work appropriately - Failure to wear correct uniform items - Failure to complete satisfactory work - Not following instructions - Poor conduct - Repeatedly incorrect PE kit or none	Breaktime Detention
- Repeated disruption following Teacher Detention - Warning	After School Detention
- Failure and refusal to work - Constantly not following instructions will be classed as serious incident - Persistent failure to wear correct uniform items	
- Repeated disruption following After School Detention warning - Failure and refusal to work - Constantly not following instructions will be classed as serious incident	After School Detention
- Constant disruption, refusal to work or disturbing others - Walking out of class or walking away from staff "An extreme physical or verbal confrontation to staff or students which presents significant harm"	On Call/Emergency Response Needed.

Sanctions

Sanctions will occur if students fail to meet the school expectations, rules and code of conduct. The school will use one or more of the following sanctions in response to unacceptable behaviour:

- A verbal reprimand
- Sending the pupil to complete work in another class

- Detention at break or lunchtime, or after school
- Referring the pupil to a senior member of staff
- Letters or phone calls home to parents
- Agreeing a behaviour contract
- Putting a pupil 'on daily / weekly report'
- Issuing an internal or external suspension
- Student sent to Evolve (ref stages) and / or if they are disruptive, and expected to complete set curriculum work.

Our Evolve base provides support for vulnerable students who are struggling to meet expectations and engage with school and learning; it also includes a designated Internal Suspension area. We may use this area in response to serious or persistent breaches of this policy. Students may be sent to work in Evolve during a particular lessons if they are disruptive or they may be referred for a specific period of time or subject. Repeated misbehaviour/failure to meet school expectations may result in a student being placed in Evolve for a set period of time or in some instances in isolation with SLT.

Detentions

- Detentions will be given in line with the sanction process. Detentions will be held during school days at break, or after school and supervised by staff assigned by Pastoral staff.
- Detentions after school will be completed the following day. Parents / carers are notified via Class Charts. In circumstances where the student has known caring arrangements or unable to make travel arrangements this will be transferred to the following day. For students with agreed reasonable sanction adjustments or student safety is a concern, other sanctions will be put in place.
- Detentions will be in an assigned supervised room from 2.50pm for up to 90 minutes. Students will work in silence and complete curriculum work where appropriate.
- If students are absent on the day of the detention they will complete it on the first day of their return to school.
- Uncooperative behaviour during the detention will result in a further sanction being issued.
- Students will be placed in detention at social times (break time and/or lunchtime) if staff deem students have poor behaviour, or out of bounds at social times or to de-escalate a situation.
- If appropriate, restorative activities will be arranged in school.

At the end of the detention, students will receive guidance about what they did wrong, the impact of their actions, how they can improve and next steps if there is no improvement.

Detentions Details:

The duration of detentions:

- A break detention will be 20 minutes
- An after-school detention will be 45 minutes or up to 90 minutes
- Truancy from school or lesson will be a 90-minute detention

If a student fails to attend a detention:

- A break detention = 45 minutes after school
- 45 minutes after school = 90 minutes after school
- 90 minutes = a day in Internal Suspension + in addition to the missed 90 minute detention

If a student is absent on the day of the detention, they should complete it on the first day of their return to school. All students will work in silence during the detention.

It is the parents / carers responsibility to ensure that their child completes the detention on the day specified when issued, this includes making any necessary transport arrangements.

Further failure to meet these expectations could result in Internal or External Suspensions.

If student fails to comply with sanctions given the following may be applied:

- Student fails to go to On Call room removal - student go to Evolve Base
- Student fails to go to Evolve Base - a suspension may be considered (Internal or external)
- Student fails to comply with Internal Suspension rules - an extension of time or a suspension may be given.
- Parents/carers can access information about their child's behaviour via the Class Charts App.
- As students are informed of areas that are out of bounds around the school site they may be detained during lunchtimes for a number of days if they enter these areas.
- If appropriate and as an alternative, restorative activities may be arranged in school.
- Students not wearing full school uniform correctly without a valid reason from a parent/carer may receive a 45 min detention after school.
- Restorative activities can be used as an alternative to school detention.

Managing behaviour at break and Lunch times

Students failing to behave appropriately may receive: a warning, detention, removal from social area to designated area for the remainder of the social time or the remainder of the day depending on the behaviour.

Removal from classrooms

Removal will occur when there is a need to:

- Restore order and calm following any unreasonable high-level disruption
- Enable disruptive pupils to be taken to the Subject leader or Evolve where education can be continued in a managed environment
- Evolve, is supervised by trained staff, and is a suitable place to learn and have equipment and learning resources to ensure learning continues. Students will be removed from classrooms for prolonged periods of time when directed by the Headteacher or Senior Leadership team.

Students will complete a reflection exercise when they arrive and then continue with their studies in silence.

Other Sanctions

Where a student's behaviour is a serious concern, this may result in:

- Withdrawal from lessons
- Break and after school detention
- Internal Suspension
- Behaviour contract
- SLT Behaviour Review meeting with the student and student's parents / carer
- Convene a Governors' Behaviour Review Panel

Management of behaviour outside of school including on school buses

Teachers have the power to discipline students for misbehaving outside of the school gates. (Education and Inspections Act 2006). Non-criminal behaviour that is witnessed by a member of staff or reported to the school will be dealt with as if the event had happened in school. This includes travel to and from school on the school buses. Laurence Jackson expects the same standard of behaviour on the school bus as we would in a classroom. If students do not meet these basic expectations, then sanctions will be imposed in school and their right to travel on the school bus could be withdrawn for either a fixed time or permanently by Laurence Jackson or the bus operator.

Teachers may discipline students for:

- Misbehaviour on any school organised or school related activities including trips & visits.
- Misbehaviour while travelling to and from school
- Misbehaviour in any other way whilst identifiable as a member/student of the school (i.e. wearing uniform), or misbehaviour that could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- Misbehaviour that poses a threat to another student or a member of the public
- Misbehaviour that could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

In all cases, the teacher can ordinarily only discipline the student on the school premises, but this can take place elsewhere, for example when the student is under the lawful control of another staff member.

Suspensions and Permanent Exclusion

'Good discipline in schools is essential to ensure that all students can benefit from the opportunities provided by education. The Government supports head teachers in using suspension as a sanction where it is warranted.' (DfE 'Exclusion from maintained schools, Academies and Student Referral Units in England 2017') Suspensions will only be used as a last resort and issued by the Headteacher or Deputy Head in their absence. Only the Headteacher can permanently exclude.

A student can be suspended for failing to meet the school's behaviour expectations. This can include (but is not limited to):

- Persistent refusal
- Non compliance
- Verbal/physical aggression towards a member of staff/student
- Physical violence towards a member of staff/student
- Dangerous behaviour that puts student/other students/staff at risk of harm or injury
- Bullying of staff/student
- Possession of materials as described about or prohibited by school policy
- Child on Child Abuse

The school may bypass sanction steps should a student's behaviour warrant such action. It may be appropriate to move a student to a higher step if behaviour is escalating or of such a serious nature. This may mean recommending a student is permanently excluded from School in response to a single, serious breach of the school rules. For example, supplying drugs or carrying a weapon on the school premises would result in an immediate recommendation of permanent exclusion.

Before deciding to suspend or permanently exclude a student, the Headteacher will consider the student's views, taking into account their age and understanding. Where appropriate, the school will provide support to help the student express their views. These views will be recorded and considered as part of the decision-making process.

Suspensions (Fixed Term)

- A student can be suspended for up to 45 days within an academic year.
- Following a suspension, the parent/carer will be required to attend a reintegration meeting where a plan for reducing the likelihood of further suspensions will be discussed, alongside wider support strategies.
- If a student is excluded for 15 days or more in a term, a Local Governing Body Discipline Committee Panel Meeting will take place to discuss the student's behaviour.
- Laurence Jackson may decide to hold a governing body discipline committee panel at any time, where behaviours warrant particular concern.
- Parents cannot appeal a suspension equal to or below 15 days but can make written representation to the governing body to consider

Permanent Exclusion

The decision to exclude a student permanently is a serious one. There are two main types of situations in which permanent exclusion may be considered. The first is a final, formal step in a concerted process for dealing with disciplinary offences following the use of a wide range of other strategies, which have been used without success. It is an acknowledgement that all available strategies have been exhausted and is used as a last resort. This would include persistent and defiant misbehaviour including bullying (which would include racist or homophobic bullying), persistent and serious disruption of teaching and learning across the school or repeated possession and/or use of an illegal drug on school premises.

The second is where there are exceptional circumstances and it is not appropriate to implement other strategies and where it could be appropriate to permanently exclude a student for a first or 'one off' offence. These might include:

- Serious actual or threatened violence against another student or a member of staff.
- Sexual abuse or assault.
- Supplying an illegal drug (on or off the premises)
- Possession or use of an illegal drug (see Drug Related Exclusions).
- Carrying an offensive weapon.
- Arson.

Laurence Jackson School will consider police involvement for any of the above offences.

Offensive weapons are defined in the Prevention of Crime Act 1953 as “any article made or adapted for causing injury to the person; or intended by the person having it with him for such use by him.” Please note: any person found in possession of an illegal weapon (e.g. knife) must be reported to the Police.

The Headteacher and authorised staff have the statutory power to search students without consent when they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not conducted immediately. This extends to instances where a member of staff has lawful control or charge of a student.

These instances are not exhaustive but indicate the severity of such offences and the fact that such behaviour seriously affects the discipline and well-being of the school.

If the Headteacher is satisfied that, on the balance of probabilities, the student did what he or she is alleged to have done, exclusion will be the outcome.

Exercise of discretion

In reaching a decision, the Headteacher will always look at each case on its own merits. While it is important to ensure that decisions are both fair and consistent it is also true that the circumstances of each case will be different and therefore it will inevitably be the case that students will receive different sanctions and differing exclusions for what may seem to be similar offences.

In considering whether permanent exclusion is the most appropriate sanction, the Headteacher will consider:

- a) The gravity of the incident, or series of incidents, and whether it constitutes a serious breach of the School's Behaviour Policy and
- b) The effect that the student remaining in the school would have on the education and welfare of other students and staff.

In line with its statutory duty, these same two tests of appropriateness will form the basis of the deliberations of the Governors' Behaviour Committee, when it meets to consider the Headteacher's decision to exclude. This Committee will require the Headteacher to explain the reasons for the decision and will look at appropriate evidence, such as the student's record, witness statements and the strategies used by the school to support the student prior to exclusion.

Alternatives to Exclusion

The school will work closely with third parties such as the Local Authority, other Secondary Schools and other schools within Spark Education Trust, to undertake offsite direction or respite provision where such a course of action could be of benefit to the student.

Temporary Separation from School Premises for Safeguarding Reasons

In exceptional safeguarding circumstances, the school may temporarily prohibit a pupil from attending the school premises where this is necessary to separate two or more pupils for safeguarding purposes. This is not a suspension or exclusion on disciplinary grounds.

Such action will only be taken where separation is essential and there is no practical way for one or more pupils involved to remain safely on the school site. Decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis, led by the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and informed by professional judgement and, where appropriate, advice from external agencies.

Parents/carers will be informed of the reasons for the decision and the governance committee will be notified without delay. The school will support the pupil's reintegration when they return.

Direction off-site

The school may require a pupil to attend educational provision at another setting as a temporary measure to improve behaviour and support continued education. Off-site direction will only be used where it is in the pupil's best interests and in accordance with statutory guidance.

Before an off-site direction is arranged, the school will consider the pupil's views and ensure that appropriate interventions and support have been explored. Relevant information, including attainment information, risk assessments and support strategies, will be shared with the receiving provider and other relevant agencies as appropriate.

Parents/carers will be informed in writing of the placement and the reasons for it in accordance with statutory requirements. Placements will be reviewed regularly to consider progress, impact and next steps.

Respite and Managed Placements

Respite and Managed Placements may be used for students who have had several exclusions, internal or fixed term, or who have been identified as being 'at risk' of failure at school through disaffection.

School will interact with parents/carers to discuss and share the respites and managed placements and will provide updates regularly and discuss their child's progress.

Managed Moves

A managed move may be considered as part of a planned intervention to support a pupil and avoid permanent exclusion. A managed move is intended to lead to the permanent transfer of a pupil to another school. Managed moves will not be used on a trial basis. Where a temporary placement at another setting

is required to support behavioural improvement, the school will consider the use of offsite direction instead.

Before a managed move is agreed, the school will:

- Seek and consider the views of the pupil
- Ensure that appropriate interventions and support have been implemented and reviewed
- Share relevant information with the receiving school and other agencies as appropriate, including attainment information, risk assessments and support strategies.

Where a pupil has a social worker, the school will notify the social worker, the DSL and, where appropriate, the Virtual School Head at the earliest opportunity when a managed move is being considered. A pupil will not be permanently excluded solely because they or their parents/carers do not agree to a managed move. Managed moves will be conducted in accordance with the School Admissions Code and all relevant statutory guidance.

Looked-After and Previously Looked-After Children

Before making decisions relating to suspension, permanent exclusion, managed moves or other significant interventions, the school will consider the needs of looked-after and previously looked-after children.

Where a looked-after child is at risk of suspension or permanent exclusion, the designated teacher will work with the Virtual School Head and other relevant professionals to consider what additional support may be required, including reviewing the effectiveness of the child's Personal Education Plan (PEP).

Lunchtime Exclusion

Students whose behaviour at lunchtime is disruptive may be excluded from the school premises for the duration of the lunchtime period. This will be treated as 0.5 day fixed term exclusion and parents will have the same right to gain information and to appeal.

CCTV

Laurence Jackson may use CCTV for the purpose of maintaining discipline and managing behaviour and safety across the site.

Use of Reasonable Force and Restrictive Interventions

Laurence Jackson school recognises that the use of reasonable force is only one of the strategies available to secure pupil safety and wellbeing. Our approach is part of our wider pastoral care procedures.

Laurence Jackson school has a separate Restrictive Interventions and Reasonable Force Policy, which should be read alongside this Behaviour Policy and the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

In line with Department for Education guidance, all school staff have the legal power to use reasonable force, where it is reasonable, proportionate and necessary, to prevent a pupil from:-

- causing injury to themselves or others

- committing a criminal offence
- damaging property
- causing disorder.

Reasonable force will only be used when other strategies which do not employ force have been tried and found unsuccessful, or in an emergency situation. It will always be used as a last resort and for the shortest time necessary. Laurence Jackson school does not use force as a punishment. It is unlawful to use force for this purpose.

Staff may also have appropriate physical contact with pupils in other circumstances, for example to:

- administer first aid
- guide or escort pupils
- comfort a distressed pupil.

Where restrictive interventions are used, staff will:-

- act in accordance with the principles of necessity, proportionality and the pupil's welfare
- use the least restrictive intervention for the shortest duration
- take into account the individual needs and circumstances of the pupil.

Laurence Jackson school will take all reasonable steps to minimise the need for restrictive interventions through prevention, de-escalation strategies, and positive behaviour support.

All significant incidents involving the use of force will be recorded and reported in line with statutory requirements and the school's Restrictive Interventions Policy. Parents/carers will be informed as soon as possible following such incidents, except where there are safeguarding reasons not to do so.

For further detail, including definitions, procedures, and staff responsibilities, please refer to our school Restrictive Interventions and Reasonable Force Policy.

Appendix 1 Specific Incidents

Deliberate Vandalism of School Property	Any student found to have deliberately vandalised school property will receive an appropriate sanction ranging from a detention through to permanent exclusion depending on the severity of the incident. In all cases parents/carers will be billed for the cost of making good the damage.
Alcohol	Any student who brings alcohol on to Laurence Jackson School's premises will receive a fixed term exclusion. If the student brings alcohol on to Laurence Jackson School's premises a second time, a recommendation of permanent exclusion will be made. Any student who 'spikes' the drink of another student with alcohol will be permanently excluded.
Weapons	A student who brings a weapon on to Laurence Jackson School's premises is likely to be permanently excluded. The Headteacher will make a judgement of the level of threat the weapon itself represents to the health and safety of the

	other students. Weapons include knives (including objects fashioned together to resemble a knife), darts, guns of any description, including air pistols and BB guns. In all cases of a weapon being brought on to Laurence Jackson School's premises, the school will inform the Police.
Illicit Substances	Any student that uses illicit substances in Laurence Jackson School will likely receive a permanent exclusion. The school will also notify the police and the student's parents/carers.
Fighting	Students involved in fighting with other students will be excluded. This will be a suspension (Internal or External) or permanent exclusion, depending upon the circumstances.
Smoking / Vaping	This is a non-smoking / vaping site, a rule which applies to staff and students alike. There will be serious consequences for any student who chooses to breach the no-smoking / vaping rule. Students breaching the smoking / vaping rule will be given an internal suspension or external suspension. If this escalates, a meeting with parents/carers will discuss further sanctions. Students caught in the company of smokers / vapers, will be given a detention or internally suspended. Support will be offered to repeat offenders.
Bringing the good name of the school and/or staff into disrepute	Any student who brings the good name of the school and/or staff into disrepute in the public domain may be excluded. This will be a fixed term or permanent exclusion depending on the circumstances.

Appendix 2 – Drugs Education

This policy has obvious links with the following school policies; Health and Safety; The Administration of Medicines. This policy reflects local and national aims and priorities expressed within the Government White Paper 'Tackling Drugs to Build a Better Britain' (1998), 'Every Child Matters' (2003) and The Healthy School Programme it also incorporates the key messages contained in Drugs: Guidance for schools. This policy sets out the schools approach to drug education and how the school will respond to drug related incidents within the responsibilities of the school.

To whom does the policy apply?

This policy applies to all of the following people when they are on the school premises: Students, staff, parents/carers and visitors. This policy also applies to students and staff when off-site when the staff are acting in loco parentis. So, this includes all educational visits, including those abroad (see education visits policy).

Although the school is not responsible for Students traveling to and from school we will work with parents and /or other agencies should any problems be identified. The school is responsible for Students during break and lunchtimes (except when it has been agreed by parents/carers that Students will travel home for lunch) and this policy applies during these times. It also affects the use of school premises after normal school hours. Organisers of any after school events should be made aware of the policy and their responsibility to implement it.

Definition of a drug

For the purpose of this policy the following definition of a drug will apply:

"a substance people take to change the way they feel, think or behave."

This broad definition allows for the inclusion of all medication (see the school's Administration of medicines policy), legal/illegal drugs (including alcohol and tobacco - see Smoking Policy) volatile substances (see also the school's Health and Safety Policy and COSHH Policy) and all over the counter and prescription medicines. Alcohol is not permitted at any time on the school site or during school visits except on special occasions at the discretion of the Headteacher and when staff are not acting in loco-parentis.

Overall Aims of the Policy

- To provide a framework for effective drug education
- To provide systems for dealing with drug related incidents within the school environment

To ensure that the school's drug education programme reflects the aims and values of the school and its governing body.

Roles and Responsibilities, Governors

As part of their general responsibilities for the management of the school, the governors have agreed this policy. They will continue their involvement through regular evaluation of it. The named lead Governor with responsibility for this policy is Catherine Furlong.

Headteacher

The Headteacher takes overall responsibility for providing a safe place of work for all staff and students and as such takes responsibility for this policy, its implementation, and for liaison with the Governing Body, parents, the Local Authority and appropriate outside agencies in the event of a drug-related incident. Students who are suspected of being at risk from drugs, and in particular truanting students will be supported and monitored with assistance from relevant agencies such as The CGL Project, Preventions, VEMT Preventions Group, MIND/ Alliance Service, Attendance Officers Child Protection Officers, and police.

Director of Quality Assurance (DQA) / Curriculum Implementation + Deputy Head

The DQA and Deputy Head are responsible for ensuring that all students receive appropriate drug education and provide guidance on what should be taught and when. The DQA and the PD Coordinator are also responsible for the provision of appropriate staff training.

Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) / Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads (DDSL)

The DSL is the first point of contact for a drug related incident. The appropriate Pastoral Manager will be responsible for investigating the incident.

All Staff

Drug prevention is a whole school issue. All staff should be aware of the policy and how it relates to them should they be called upon to deal with a drug related issue. The school premises are regularly checked. Any substances or drug paraphernalia found will be reported to the DSL/DDSLs.

Parents & Carers

Parents and carers are encouraged to support the school's drug education programme. They are responsible for ensuring that guidelines relating to medication in school are followed in line with policy. As a general rule parents will be informed of an incident that could result in potential harm to their child.

Confidentiality

If a child discloses information relating to misuse of drugs then absolute confidentiality cannot be guaranteed. However, health care professionals (such as the school nurse) are able, under certain circumstances, to maintain confidentiality except in circumstances where they have Child Protection concerns. If rumours of drug misuse are disclosed the DSL should be informed who should assess the information and decide whether further action is to be taken.

Monitoring and Evaluating the Policy

This policy will next be reviewed every two years by the DSL and will involve staff, students and other relevant outside agencies e.g. The Drug Education Team and the Police. This will include evaluation of teaching and learning activities, current resources and staff training and the use (if any) of outside visitor.

Appendix 3 Search and Confiscation

Following guidelines from DFE: 'Searching, screening and confiscation Advice for headteachers, school staff and governing bodies (January 2018)', school staff can search a student for any item if the student agrees.

Schools are not required to have formal written consent from the student for this sort of search – it is enough for the staff member to ask the student to turn out their pockets or if the staff member can look in the student's bag and for the student to agree. If a member of staff suspects a student has a banned item in his/her possession, they can instruct the student to turn out his or her pockets or bag and if the student refuses, the teacher can apply appropriate sanctions as set out in the school's behaviour policy.

Head teachers and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search students or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the student may have a prohibited item. Prohibited items that Laurence Jackson school will do searches for include:

- knives or weapons
- mobile phones
- alcohol
- illegal drugs
- stolen items
- tobacco, cigarette papers

- e-cigarettes
- fireworks
- pornographic images
- any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used: to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the student personally).

There is no legal requirement to make or keep a record of a search. Schools should inform the individual student's parents or guardians where alcohol, illegal drugs or potentially harmful substances are found, though there is no legal requirement to do so.

Schools are not required to inform parents before a search takes place or to seek their consent to search their child. Laurence Jackson School will inform parents, where necessary, if a search has been done. Complaints about searching should be dealt through the normal school complaints procedure.

Prior to a search the Headteacher will be informed of the facts and told of the reasonable grounds for suspecting that the student may have a prohibited item on them. The staff member carrying out the search will be the same sex as the student being searched; and there will be a staff witness. There is a limited exception to this rule. Senior staff will consider utilising CCTV footage in order to make a decision as to whether to conduct a search for an item.

Confiscation

Schools' general power to discipline, as circumscribed by Section 91 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, enables a member of staff to confiscate, retain or dispose of a student's property as a disciplinary penalty, where reasonable to do so. School staff can seize any prohibited item found as a result of a search. They can also seize any item they consider harmful or detrimental to school discipline.

Appendix 4 – Sexting

Dealing with Incidents of Sexting

STEP 1: Disclosure by a child.

Sexting disclosures should follow normal safeguarding practices. A child is likely to be very distressed, especially if the image has been circulated. Support will be offered during the disclosure and after the event. They may even need immediate protection or a referral to Social Care.

The following questions will help decide upon the best course of action:

- Is the child disclosing about themselves receiving or sharing an image, sending an image
- What sort of image is it and how widely has the image been shared?
- Is it potentially illegal or is it inappropriate?
- Are the Safeguarding Policy and practices being followed?
- Does the child need immediate support and/or protection?
- Are other children and/or young people involved?

- The situation will need to ensure school Safeguarding and On-line Safety policies are followed.

STEP 2: Searching a device

It is important to establish if the image has been created and shared on a mobile device and the location of the image. As this may be distressing for the young person involved, support will be offered.

The revised Education Act 2011 gives schools and/or teachers the power to seize and search an electronic device if they think there is good reason for doing so. A device can be examined, confiscated and securely stored if there is reason to believe it contains indecent images or extreme pornography.

The decision to view imagery should be based on the professional judgement of the designated safeguarding lead and always comply with the child protection policy and procedures of the school. If a decision is made to view imagery the designated safeguarding lead will need to be satisfied that viewing:

- is the only way to decide about involving other agencies
 - is necessary to report the image to a website, app or suitable reporting agency to have it taken down, or to support the young person or parent in making a report is unavoidable because a student has presented an image directly to a staff member or the imagery has been found on a school device or network.
- . Staff understand that violations to this agreement will be dealt with in line with the relevant policy and that disciplinary action may be taken in accordance with the Disciplinary Policy and Procedures.